

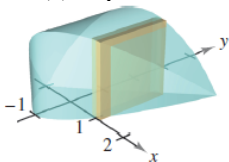
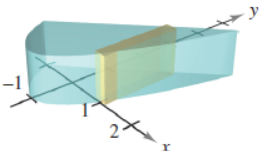




# Unit 7 Outline – Volume


<b>Wednesday 11/20</b>	<b>Today's Topic: Area</b> - Using the Graphing Calculator
<b>In-Class Examples:</b> A graphing calculator must be used for these problems. Find the area of the region(s) enclosed by the graphs of the given functions.	
<b>Ex. 1</b> $y = x^2$ and $y = x + 6$	
<b>Ex. 2</b> $y = e^{x^2} - 1$ and $y = 4x$	
<b>Ex. 3</b> $y = \sin(\pi x)$ and $y = x^3 - 4x$	
<b>AP Multiple Choice</b>	
	
What is the area of the region enclosed by the graphs of $y = e^x - 2$ , $y = \sin x$ , and $x = 0$ ?	
(A) 0.239      (B) 0.506      (C) 0.745      (D) 2.340      (E) 3.472	
	
What is the area of the region enclosed by the graphs of $y = \sqrt{4x - x^2}$ and $y = \frac{x}{2}$ ?	
(A) 1.707      (B) 2.829      (C) 5.389      (D) 8.886      (E) 21.447	
<b>Homework:</b> None	

<b>Thursday 11/21</b>	<b>Today's Topic: Volumes by Cross Sections</b> - $V = \int_a^b \text{Area of Cross Sections}$
<b>In-Class Examples:</b>	
<b>Ex. 1 *Calculator Required*</b> Let $R$ be the region in the first quadrant bounded by the graphs of $f(x) = \sin x$ and $g(x) = x^2 - 2x + 1$ .	
(a) Find the area of region $R$ . (b) Region $R$ forms the base of a solid whose cross-sections are squares taken perpendicular to the $x$ -axis. Find the volume of this solid.	
<b>Ex. 2</b> Let $R$ be the region bounded by the graphs of $y = x + 1$ and $y = x^2 - 1$ . Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region $R$ , with the indicated cross sections taken perpendicular to the $x$ -axis:	
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>(a) Squares</p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>(b) Rectangles of height 1</p>  </div> <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>(c) Semicircles</p> </div> </div>	
<b>Homework:</b> Worksheet 59	

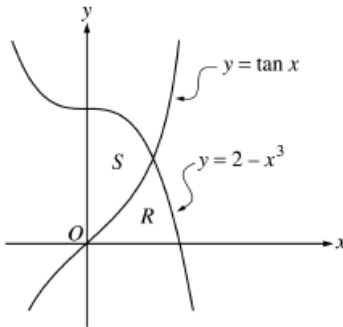
<b>Friday 11/22</b>	<b>Today's Topic Volumes by Cross Sections</b> - $V = \int_a^b \text{Area of Cross Sections}$
<b>In-Class Examples:</b> Find the volume of the solid whose base is the region in the first quadrant bounded by the graphs of $y = x^2$ , $y = 1$ and the $y$ -axis with the indicated cross sections taken perpendicular to the $x$ -axis: (a) Squares                      (b) Semicircles                      (c) Equilateral Triangles	
<b>AP Multiple Choice</b>  The base of a solid is the region bounded by the $x$ -axis and the graph of $y = \sqrt{1 - x^2}$ . For the solid, each cross section perpendicular to the $x$ -axis is a square. What is the volume of the solid?  (A) $\frac{2}{3}$ (B) $\frac{4}{3}$ (C) 2              (D) $\frac{2\pi}{3}$ (E) $\frac{4\pi}{3}$	
<b>Homework:</b> Worksheet 60	

	<b>Today's Topic: Volumes of Solids Formed by Rotation (Disks and Washers)</b>
<b>Review:</b> Let $R$ be the region enclosed by the graphs of $y = \sqrt{x}$ , $y = 0$ , and $x = 4$ . (a) Find the area of region $R$ . (b) Region $R$ forms the base of a solid. Cross-sections of this solid, taken perpendicular to the $x$ -axis are squares. Find the volume of this solid.	
<b>In-Class Examples:</b> <b>Ex. 1</b> Let $R$ be the region enclosed by the graphs of $y = \sqrt{x}$ , $y = 0$ , and $x = 4$ . Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region $R$ about the $x$ -axis. <b>Ex. 2</b> Let $R$ be the region enclosed by the graphs of $y = \sqrt{x}$ , $y = 0$ , and $x = 4$ . Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region $R$ about the horizontal line $y = -3$ . <b>Ex. 3</b> Let $R$ be the region enclosed by the graphs of $y = \sqrt{x}$ , $y = 0$ , and $x = 4$ . Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region $R$ about the horizontal line $y = 2$ .	
<b>Homework:</b> None	

	<b>Today's Topic: Volumes of Solids Formed by Rotation (Disks and Washers)</b>
<b>AP Multiple Choice</b>	
 <p>A vase has the shape obtained by revolving the curve <math>y = 2 + \sin x</math> from <math>x = 0</math> to <math>x = 5</math> about the <math>x</math>-axis, where <math>x</math> and <math>y</math> are measured in inches. What is the volume, in cubic inches, of the vase?</p> <p>(A) 10.716      (B) 25.501      (C) 33.666      (D) 71.113      (E) 80.115</p>	
 <p>Let <math>R</math> be the region bounded by the graphs of <math>y = e^x</math>, <math>y = e^3</math>, and <math>x = 0</math>. Which of the following gives the volume of the solid formed by revolving <math>R</math> about the line <math>y = -1</math>?</p> <p>(A) <math>\pi \int_0^3 (e^3 - e^x + 1)^2 dx</math></p> <p>(B) <math>\pi \int_0^3 (e^3 - e^x - 1)^2 dx</math></p> <p>(C) <math>\pi \int_0^3 [(e^3 - e^x)^2 + 1] dx</math></p> <p>(D) <math>\pi \int_0^3 [(e^3 - e^x)^2 - 1] dx</math></p> <p>(E) <math>\pi \int_0^3 [(e^3 + 1)^2 - (e^x + 1)^2] dx</math></p>	
<b>Homework:</b> Worksheet 61	

	<b>Today's Topic: Volumes of Solids Formed by Rotation (Disks and Washers) – vertical line</b>
<b>In-Class Examples:</b>	
<p><b>Ex. 1</b> Let <math>R</math> be the region enclosed by the graphs of <math>y = \sqrt{x}</math>, <math>y = 2</math>, and the <math>y</math>-axis. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region <math>R</math> about the <math>y</math>-axis.</p> <p><b>Ex. 2</b> Let <math>R</math> be the region in the first quadrant enclosed by the graphs of <math>y = x^2</math> and <math>y = 4</math>. Find the volume of the solid generated by revolving the region <math>R</math> about the line <math>x = -2</math>.</p>	
<b>AP Multiple Choice</b>	
 <p>What is the volume of the solid generated when the region bounded by the graph of <math>x = \sqrt{y - 2}</math> and the lines <math>x = 0</math> and <math>y = 5</math> is revolved about the <math>y</math>-axis?</p> <p>(A) 3.464      (B) 4.500      (C) 7.854      (D) 10.883      (E) 14.137</p>	
<b>Homework:</b> Worksheet 62	

	<b>Today's Topic: Area and Volume Review</b>
<b>In-Class Examples:</b> None	
<b>Homework:</b> Worksheet 63	

<b>Monday 12/9</b>	<b>Today's Topic: Area and Volume – AP Questions</b>
<p><b>In-Class Examples:</b> Let <math>R</math> and <math>S</math> be the regions in the first quadrant shown in the figure at right. The region <math>R</math> is bounded by the <math>x</math>-axis and the graphs of <math>y = 2 - x^3</math> and <math>y = \tan x</math>. The region <math>S</math> is bounded by the <math>y</math>-axis and the graphs of <math>y = 2 - x^3</math> and <math>y = \tan x</math>.</p> <p>(a) Find the area of <math>S</math>.</p> <p>(b) Find the volume of the solid generated when <math>S</math> is rotated around the <math>x</math>-axis.</p> <p>(c) The region <math>S</math> is the base of a solid whose cross-sections are squares perpendicular to the <math>x</math>-axis. Find the volume of this solid.</p> <p>(d) Find the area of <math>R</math>.</p>	
	
<b>Homework:</b> Worksheet 64	

<b>Tuesday 12/10</b>	<b>Today's Topic: Area and Volume Review</b>
<b>In-Class Examples:</b> None	
<b>Homework:</b> Worksheet 65	

<b>Wednesday 12/11</b>	<b>Today's Topic: Area and Volume Test</b>
<b>In-Class Examples:</b> None	
<b>Homework:</b>	